UNCLE SAM THE LOSER.

ALLEGED COLLUSION IN THE CUSTOM HOUSE.

THE GOVERNMENT SAID TO BE OUT OF POCKET FROM \$50,000 TO \$100,000 ON DRAWBACKS THROUGH FRAUDULENT ENTRIES BY

A CLERK OF A BROKER-

Collector Kilbreth, Deputy-Collector Couch and Deputy-Collector Phelps, head of the la.; division of the Custom House, have been occupied for the last three days in examining the methods of Des Brisay & Allen, Custom House Parkers, whose fices are in the Corn Exchange Sank Entiding The examination was the result of the investigation which Colonel Story, in charge of the debenture om, has been carrying on since als return from

his vacation, recently taken. The result is that yesterday the Colle or's office gave out the statement that discoveries ; ave been howing that the Government has set from 0,000 on drawbacks through a system of dulent entries made by a Des Brisay & Allen, and through collucie ks in the debenture-room, the Custom

House and the Surveyor's Office. The firm of Des Brisay & Allen make a specialty According to the law a preliminary entry for drawbacks must be made forty-eight before the vessel containing the goods from the por. In this entry the goods on which drawbacks are claimed must be described. After the vessel sails a final entry must be filed of comdetails of the facts on which the drav backs is based. Drawbacks are allowed on originally imported under duty to this country when the articles subsequently exported are shown to be manufactured from the imported goods Investigation, according to the Collector's office, has nown that a clerk in the office of Des Brisay & was in the habit of making the pre entry with one article, for instance, placed on one line, while the line below it was left blank. It is aleged by the Collector that Des Brisay & Allen, or aheir agents, would ascertain after a vesse; had sailed what goods subject to drawbacks were cargo, and that then the blank line would be filled

sailed what goods subject to drawbacks were in her cargo, and that then the blank line would be filled in. This could only be done, the Collector says, by collusion between some one in the office of the firm and clerks in the debenture-room.

Colonel Story discovered that hundreds of changes had been made in the debenture-room books, involving the loss to the Government above stated. To what extent the collusion has been carried Colonel Story says he is yet unable to state.

The Collector yesterday informed Des Brisay & Allen that their license would expire September 3, and will not be renewed. The Collector also said that as soon as all the facts had been obtained and put into shape they would be placed in the hands of the United States District Actorney.

The Collector declared that a most important link in his line of alleged evidence lay in the confession which he said had been made by a clerk of Des Brisay & Allen, that he the clerk, had made the preliminary entries always when some member of the firm was around. The Collector said that this clerk had made a full confession.

Mr. Les Brisay made the following statement:

"We are in the hands of our lawyers, Hess, Townsend & McClelland, and prefer not to speak about this matter. We know, however, that we have columited no offence, civil or criminal. We have claimed no moneys for drawback on merchandise which was not entitled to it. No moneys have been demanded or paid us on any of those so-called claims which the Collector's office says are fraudulent. At the proper time and in the proper place we will establish our innocence. Great injustice is being done us and time will establish this fact."

Mr. Des Brisay left his office early. A clerk of Mr. Des Brisay left his office early.

Mr. Des Brissy left his office early. A clerk of complexion, with a black mustache, who he was "confidential man" of the firm, to a reporter of The Tribune subsectly: "No clerk has made any confessof any collusion or of any knowledge on art of the firm that anything wrong was being in the entries. There were no unlawful entries

FRANCIS WILSON'S COSTUMES.

HE TILL HAVE TO APPLY TO THE TREASURY PARTMENT FOR RELIEF FROM A BIG ADVANCE ON THE INVOICE.

traiser Bunn yesterday advanced the invoice which Francis Wilson entered the contames for This with the penalty imposed for infraction of the customs laws, makes a total of \$20,000 more than the original amount.

ollector Kilbreth ordered a technical seizure the property. Mr. Wilson appeared before him and said that a hue and rry had been raised by interican costumers from whom he had been in the light of buying his costumers, and that he had sworn to the true valuation of the imported costumes. The Collector said he was satisfied that Mr. Wilson made a correct statement, but that Mr. Wilson would have to make application to the Secretary of the Treasury for relief. This Mr. Wilson will do.

MR. WILSON DISCHARGED.

DIFFICULTY IN PROVING HIS INNOCENCE-MR. ROTHSCHILD WANTS SOME CREDIT FOR THE ARREST OF THOMPSON.

enry L. Wilson, the Associate Editor of "Puck, who was arrested on Wednesday night on a Broadway cable car, while trying to detect the thief of another passenger's gold watch and chain, will never again try to act the good Samaritan toward people who are utter strangers to him. He said yesterday that after his experiences, if he saw a man trying to rob a bank he would turn his head in another direction and "see nothing."

Mr. Wilson, who was before Magistrate Brann, in the Jefferson Market Court, yesterday morning was "Puck"; Henry Wimmel, the publisher, and a large contingent of friends from the Cloister Ch b. Hugh contingent of friends from the Cloister Ch.b. Hugh O. Pentecost, an intimate friend of Mr. Wilson, appeared as his counsel. Notwithstanding that there are many ludicrous features surrounding the arrest. Mr. Wilson, who is an acknowledged expert on jokes, cannot see where the fun comes in at all, end persists at looking at the matter in the most serious light. But for all that his friends are enjoying the affair hugely.

As soon as Magistrate Brann opened court yesterday, the affdavits in the case were drawn. Mr. Wilson swore that he had seen Thompson, whom he complained against, acting in a suspicious manner, and felt him tug at his pocket after Mr. Rothschild had announced that he had been robbed. An affidavit was then taken from Mr. Rothschild and that practically ended the proceedings.

Magistrate Brann swore Henry Wimmel and examined him as follows:

"You are one of the publishers of 'Puck?"

"Yes, sir."

"Do you know Henry L. Wilson, and if so, how long."

long."

Nave known him for four years. He is one of the editors of Puck."

You know him to be a man of good character?"

"You know him to be a man of good character?"
"Certainty."
"I shall dismiss the complaint against you Mr.
Wilson," said the Magistrate. "I will hold Thompson in \$2,000 for examination."
Mr. Wilson then left the courtroom accompanied by als friends. After he had gone Mr. Rothschild aired his grievance. "I don't see why that man Wilson got all the credit for this arrest. I guess I had just about as much to do with it as any-body. Didn't I say I had been robbed. I had a right to insist on Mr. Wilson's arrest. How was I know he was the Editor of 'Puck?' He had my w. tch in his pocket and I knew too much about any th things to be tricked by an old trick."

HOPPER'S SHORT STAY AT MANHATTAN.

Wolf Hopper, in "Dr. Syntax," has made a are at hit at Manhattan Beach, but can only rethe Labor Day matinee, there will be three new grotesque comedians, Arthur Dunn, Matthew Ott ta younger brother of Theresa Vaughn) and Richard Carle. The Sisters Hengler and Annie St. Tel are the new dancers, and the Melville Sisters will ap-pears as the two gawky girls from the backwoods of Indiana.

A DOZEN JAPANESE GAMBLERS ARRESTED Acting Captain Thompson, of the Oak-st. station, and several of his men yesterday afternoon captured a party of Japanese gamblers who were caught playing "Owo-Chikabu" on the ond floor of the tenement-house No. 230 Wate Tom Mayedu, and eleven other men were arrest; I, and the cards and \$12\$ in money on the table were seized.

There was a general scramble to escape when the officers appeared, and some of the frightened Japanese tried to jump out of the rear windows without waiting to don their outer clothing. None got away, however. The prisoners will be arraigned in the Tombs Court this morning. thirty-two years old, the propt of the place,

A POPULIST COOPERATIVE SOCIETY.

Topeka, Kan., Aug. 29.-Mrs. Anna L. Diggs, the Populist writer and orator, and Dr. S. McLallin, Editor of "The Advocate," have just returned from Montrose Countq, in the San Miguel Valley, Col., where they have located a colony to be known as the Montrose County Co-operative Colony. The site selected is on Government land, and members of the proposed colony have filed on 3,000 acres under the Homestead and Desert Land act, and 5,000 more acres will be filed upon at once. Ten men have been put to work on the site of the proposed colony. A complete irrigating system will be constructed at once, so that a large body of land will be in readiness for cultivation next year. The colony will be conducted by the society that some time ago made partial arrangements for establishing a colony on the Potomac River, fifty miles below Washington.

NATIONAL CAPITAL NEWS

TO PREVENT COLLISION AT SEA.

THE WASHINGTON RULES LIKELY TO BE ADOPTED -ENGLAND'S DELAY.

Washington, Aug. 23.—The prospect for the in-ternational acceptance of the Washington rules to prevent collisions at sea is reported bright by the Commissioner of Navigation, Mr. Chamberlain, who has just returned from an informal consultation with Ambassador Bayard and the British authorities apon the subject. After the assent of nearly all maritime nations to the rules had been secured last year by the United States, Great Britain February, joined by other Powers, asked delay until the rules could be referred to a Parliamentary com-

This committee, which was about to render a generally favorable report, came to an end with the erally favorable report, came to an end with the abrupt dissolution of Parliament upon the defeat of the late Ministry. A new committee must be appointed, and the desire of the United States that the committee be appointed at the present session of Parliament has been clearly indicated to the British Government. Delay in appointing the committee until February might impede action by Congress, should any be necessary, and it is expected that Parliament will show the same courtesy to the United States which Congress at the last session showed to Great Britain.

HE IS MINISTER RANSOM AGAIN.

THE EX-SENATOR TAKES THE OATH OF OFFICE-HE HAD RESIGNED AS SOON AS HIS ELIGIBILITY WAS QUESTIONED.

Washington, Aug. 29.-Matt W. Ransom arriv peared at the State Department, where he took him to reassume the duties of the Mexican Mission. Mr. Ransom's suspended salary will be resumed from the date of the oath. He will stay in Washington a day or two and then go to North Carolina, whence he will start for Mexico a week or ten days later. A rumor was current about the Department to-

that Mr. Ransom's physicians had advised

him not to return to Mexico, but the Minister himself stated that this was untrue. He expected, said, to go to Mexico this time in far bette physical condition than he was last spring, and that he would experience to III effects from he stay there. The story probably had its origin in the fact that Dr. Bray, superintendent of the American Hospital in Mexico, who attended the Minister Gray in his last illness and who was also called in by Minister Ransom, advised the State Department that Mr. Ransom could not stand the climate of that place. Dr. Bibb, Su geon General of the Mexican Central Railway, whalso attended the Minister, differed from Dr. Bray and he told Mr. Ransom that if he would reture to the United States and recover his wonted healther could then go to Mexico with as much assure ance of maintaining his health as any man.

It transpired to-day that when the question of Mr. Ransom's right to hold the office of Ministe to Mexico was raised in the Treasury Department of the Mexico was raised in the Treasury Department of the Company of the Mexico was raised to the the President, in order that the latter might not be empartassed. It is understood that both the President and Mr. Ransom believed that the appointment a Minister to Mexico was not companied with the state. physical condition than he was last spring, and barrassed. It is understood that both the Preside and Mr. Ransom believed that the appointment Minister to Mexico was not completed until latter accepted the place and qualified, who was not done until after his term as Senator hexpired. The fact that Mr. Hansom resigned office disposes of all speculation regarding transport of his salary from July 1 August 24, the date of his reappointment. It would be paid at all.

HOURS FOR LANDING IMMIGRANTS. Washington, Aug. 29.-Secretary Carlisle to-day oner General Stump to Superintendent Senner, at New-York, in regard to landing immigrants It is ordered that "all alien immigrants properly grouped who are delivered at the immigration stae time hereafter mentioned, and during the and discharged or properly cared for. During the and discharged or properly cared for. During the months of May, June, July, August and September, if the number to be landed is over five hundred, 4:30 p. m.; if less, 5 o'clock. During the months of April and October, if number to be landed is over five hundred, 4 o'clock; if less, 4:30 p. m. During the months of January, Februay, March, November and December, 3:30 p. m. The Commissioner at New-York may exercise his discretion as to the receiving of immigrants after the abovenamed hours."

THE BURNING OF THE W. W. CRAPO. Washington, Aug. 29.-The State Department has received a dispatch from Consul Merriam, of Iquique, Chili, announcing that the W. W. Crapo, of New-Bedford, Captain W. W. Hardy, was burned on July 2. There were twenty-four board, including the wife and son of Captain Hard board, including the wife and son of Captain hard-but there was no loss of life. So far as is known the ship was not insured. The Consul calls atten-tion to the noble conduct of Captain A. Jouanjean master of the French bark Psyche, who rescued eleven of the crew. Captain Jouanjean received all of the twenty-four on board of his ship, and treated them with the most assiduous attention, for which he refused to accept any remuneration.

Washington, Aug. 29 .- The War Department will take no further steps in the Chicago Drainage Ca-nal matter until the Engineer Corps has had an opportunity to make observations and take measurements as to the probable effect the operation of the proposed waterway will have upon the level of the Great Lakes. This work will be taken up as soon as possible.

TIME FOR BOUNTY CLAIMS EXTENDED. Washington, Aug. 29.-The Acting Interna! Revenue Commissioner, Mr. Wilson, to-day issued in-structions to collectors of internal revenue, extend-ing the time from September 1 to October 1 in which claims for sugar bounty may be filed.

NEAL DOW ON PROHIBITION IN MAINE

HE LAYS THE NON-ENFORCEMENT OF THE LAW TO THE POLITICIANS.

Old Orchard, Me., Aug. 29.-Neal Dow, father of the Maine prohibitory liquor law, delivered an address at the Woman's Christian Temperance Union campmeeting yesterday afternoon. He said, in the course of his remarks:

We have been at work since 1851, trying to have the Maine law properly enforced, but we haven't succeeded yet, for few have been headed off by politicians who care nothing for the welfare of the State or Nation, but are simply in quest of offices of profit or honor.

He referred to the result of the last Maine election, when one of the parties inserted a license plank it its platform. He declared it an easy mat-ter to suppress the liquor traffic when a determined effort is made, but said the trouble lies in the want of energy among the temperance people.

ARMY ORDERS.

Washington, Aug. 29 (Special).-The following changes in the stations and duties of officers of the Medical Department are ordered: First Licentenant William W. Quinton, assistant surgeon, will be Logan Col., for temporary duty at that post, to relieve Captain Louis A. La Garde, assistant surgeon He will report by letter to the commanding general, Department of the Colorado. Captain La Garde on being relieved by First Lieutenant Quinton, will proceed to and take station at Boston for duty as attending surgeon in that city, and will report by letter to the commanding general, Department of the East. He will also enter upon duty as examiner of recruits in Boston, and will report by letter to the superintendent of the rescrutting examiner of recruits in Boston, and will report by letter to the superintendent of the rescritting service. The following named officers are refleved from duty at the institutions of learning designated opposite their respective names, to take effect on the date specified, and will proceed to join their respective battery and companies: First Lieutenant David D. Johnson, 5th Artillery, St. Louis University, St. Louis, October 1; First Lieutenant Walter H. Gordon, 18th Infantry, Louislana State University and Agricultural and Mechanical College, Baton Rouge, La. September 1; First Lieutenant William G. Elliot, 12th Infantry, University of Alabana, September 1. The leave of absence granted Major Charles B. Penrose, commissary of subsistence is extended one month. Leave of absence for two months, to take effect upon his relief from duty at headquarters, Department of the Missou I, is granted Major Stephel W. Grossbeck, Judge Advocate.

Chaplain W. G. Isaaes has been detached from the Washington Navy Yard and ordered to the Texas. Ensign T. J. Senn has been detached from the Mohican and ordered to the Pints. Surgeon J. E. Gardner has been ordered to duty as a member of the Examining Board at the Nava Academy, Phymaster M. C. McDonald has been detached from the Monongahela and ordered to duty as a member of the Medical Board at the Naval Academy. The officers of the Monongahela have been detached and ordered to resume their duties at the Naval Academy. They have been on a practise cruise with the cadet class.

ARREST OF A NOTED SWINDLER.

Milwaukee, Aug. 29.—Inspector Reimer has re-ceived a dispatch fro Clebourne, Tex., announcing the arrest there of Joseph N. Dubois, alias Colonel James Morrison, of Kansas City, who ten years ago swindled several Milwaukee firms out of \$9,000 on forged bills of lading. The officers have started with their man for Chicago. The extent of his operations may be inferred from the fact that Homer Brothers of Boston, and Smith & Fasset. of New-York, are losers to the amount of \$25,000 through his ragcality.

HE HAD CRAWLED INTO THE OFFICE, AS HE WAS IT IS INTENDED FOR THE USE OF HILTON.

TOLD THAT THE MAYOR WOULD DISTRIBUTE TROUSERS, AND HE WANTED TO BE

The cool effrontery of the present-day tramp has been exemplified again. The so-called Astor tramp who gained notoriety by slumbering in a bed in Mrs. William Astor's house has been outdone by a fellow-member of the profession named Andrew Bradley, who says he lives at No. 77 Wallabout-st., Brooklyn. The Astor tramp was con tent with an orthodox, albeit luxurious bed, but Bradley's ambition was satisfied with nothing less than the great civic chair from which Mayor Strong directs the affairs of this great city.

As the gray streaks of dawn stole into the Mayor's sanctum in the City Hall, yesterday, Bradley stole in with them through a window which opened from the outside. When the watchman of the City Hall, John Larkin, entered the Mayor's room early this morning to raise the windows he found the tramp sleeping serenely in the Mayor's chair. After he had awakened Bradley, who accepted the situation with the greatest unconcern, an examination of the Mayor's sanctum was made, but it was found that nothing had been disturbed or appropriated,

In response to Larkin's demand for an explanation of his presence in the room, the tramp explained that in the early nours of the morning he had met a man who said he was a police sergeant, near the City Hall. The alleged sergeant, he said, told him that if he went to the Mayor's office His Honor would give him a new pair of trousers, as he was distributing clothes to the needy every morning. To make sure that he would be in time, Bradley said he decided to steal into the office. By climbing on a railing he was able to gain the ledge of the window, which he forced, and then crawled in. He submitted meekly to Larkin's orders and followed submissively at the watchman's heels until Policeman

Tallon was met outside the building. Bradley was first taken to the Oak-st. station, and afterward before Magistrat: Crane at the Tombs Police Court. The charge on which he was arraigned was that of disorderly conduct, as it was clearly evident that he did not go into the Mayor's office with any felonious intent. He hung his head low while being tried and had nothing to say beyond admitting that he had been drinking heavily for three days. He added that he did not think that he was doing anything wrong in crawling into the room, and that he was only anxhous to get his trousers.

Magistrate Crane sent nim to the Workhouse on Blackwell's Island, and if this is his first visit he may be released after five days' confinement. He is about thirty-five years of age and was so poorly dressed that his clothes almost fell from him. was arraigned was that of disorderly conduct, as

THE POLICEMAN HIS OWN COUNSEL,

OFFICER KANES TRIAL ON MR. HERVE'S CHARGES-HE IS EXONERATED AND COMPLIMENTED BY COMMIS-SIONER ANDREWS.

Patrolman Thomas H. Kane, of the East Eightyeighth-st. squad, was placed or trial before Comssioner Andrews yesterday on charges made by Chaffles F. Herve, of No. 133 East Elghty-fourth-st. Mr. Herve said that he was returning with his wife and daughter from an entertainment about 2:30 a. cause by Officer Kane. "We were gottig up our said Mr. Herve, "when we noticed the officer on the other side. We had left our carriage in the stable. For a joke I made the remark that Roosevelt was around. The officer came over and stoop and used me roughly, put me under arrest and said I was disorderly. On the way to the station he suggested that the matter could be 'fixed.'

Mrs. Herve corroborated her husband. Policeman Kane testified that his attention attracted by Mr. and Mrs. Herve when they came through Eighty-fourth-st. in their carriage. He declared that Mrs. Herve drove the carriage into the stable. Then she and her husband walked to "She was throwing her arms aroun heard her calling in a mocking voice, 'Good morning, officer.' Then Mr. Herve called out, 'Hey, te Herve's stoop and advised him to He began to curse Roosevelt, and raid I was no good, and that he didn't care for me or Roosevelt. He refused to be still, and I arrested him. On the

He refused to be still, and I arrested him. On the way to the station he threatered to make trouble for me. I made no suggestion that I would let him go for a consideration."

Magistrate Mott, who discharged Mr. Herve in his court, testified that he did not believe the officer exceeded his duty.

There were other witnesses on both sides, who gave conflicting testimony. The policeman conducted his own case. At the close of the evidence, Commissioner Andrews said:

"After a careful consideration of the whole case I have come to the conclusion that the officer did not exceed his duty, and I shall recommend the dismissal of the charges. Officer, I compliment you for the way you have conducted your ease."

The Commissioner then shook hands with Officer Kane.

ST. LOUIS EXPECTED TO MAKE A RECORD.

SHIPPING MEN BELIEVE THAT SHE WILL DO HER-SELF PROUD AND ARRIVE EARLY THIS AFTER-NOON-PROMINENT PEOPLE ABOARD.

The American Line steamship St. Louis, which is due to-day, is now the subject of discussion in shipping circles. The big liner is just off the drydock, after a thorough overhauling, and on August 20 she had an official trial in the English Channel, and carried the Stars and Stripes through that waterway in faster time than any flag had ever been carried there. Her time for the run of fift; two knots was two hours and twelve minutes and five seconds, and the return was made in two hours, twenty-eight minutes and thirty-seven seconds.

Using these figures as the basis of their argument, many believe that the St. Louis will far surpass the records of the New-York and the Paris, Incoming vessels report good weather, and even if no record is broken by the big and fleet America abuilt beat, there is no reason why she should not make a fast trip and be in this afternoon or carly in the night. To equal the best record of the New-York, six days, seven hours and fourteen minutes, the St. Louis will have to cross the bar at 3-49 this afternoon, as she passed the Needles at 125 p. m. on Saturday. The St. Louis's best previous run was made in July of this year; it was six days, seventeen hours and twenty minutes. She comes with filled cabins, and a feamong her prominent passengers are: Commander Bradford and Lleutenant Milligan, who had charge of the recent speed trial; Assistant Postmaster-General Neilson, Dr. Louis L. Seaman, S. P. Langley, Dr. Forbes Winslow, Professor W. L. Whitney, and C. A. Griscom, president, and James A. Wright, vice-president, of the International Navigation Company, which operates the American Line.



INCREASE OF THE NAVY. Miss Featherston, have you joined the

Royal Navy?'
"On no, Captain Howard; but we are forming a local branch of the Ladies' Royal Naval Reserve.

FOUND SCUND ASLEEP IN THE EARLY PUBLIC EXHIBITION MADE OF ONE IN WASHINGTON SQUARE.

HUGHES & CO. IN DELIVERING GOODS-

HOW IT IS PROPELLED. The first horseless wagon ever brought to this untry appeared in the drives of Square yesterday morning, where it had its first trial trip under the direction of M. Emil Roger, of Paris, the builder of the carriage. This novel vehicle has been imported by Hilton, Hughes & Co., the big drygoods firm, and it is their intention to substitute the horseless wagon for their present sys-



THE HORSELESS WAGON.

of delivery, in case the new vehicle proves as

oth as vehicles of pleasure and business. At the present time over two thousand of them are particular carriage imported by Hilton, Hughes & Bordeaux on June II last, against forty other ooth road the carriage can attain a speed of fifteen miles an hour. This wagon also obtained the It is an automatic petroleum wagon, a petroleum

air engine providing the motive power. of the air and petroleum within the cylinder generates the electrical force, which starts the piston and causes the revolution of the large drive wheel to which a beit is attached running over an axis situated about midway underneath the carriage. From this axis made on a sprocket wheel a link chain similar to that used on a bleycle connects with the rear wheels of the carriage. A crank in front o the driver's seat guides the vehicle and three takes keep it under control. The front wheels of the carriage are built on a peculiar plan, which is origin; I with M. Roger. The front axis is stationary and does not turn with the wheels, which are attached to the axis by jointed hubs. This device enables the driver to turn the wagon in almost its own be attached to the axis by jointed hubs. This device enables the driver to turn the wagon is less than a cent a mile, and the reservoir holds oil sufficient for a run of seventy-five miles. There is no danger of fire or explosion, and the vehicle is under the absolute and easy control of the conductor.

The representative of Hilton, Hughes & Co, who winessed the trial expressed himself as much pleased with the result. Two more of the horseless wagons consigned to the same firm are still at the Custom House. Upon the sides and rear of the wagon exhibited yesterday appeared in large git letters, "Hilton, Hughes & Co., successors to A. T. Stewart & Co.," and also a cut of the firm's well-known trade-mark, a huge lion.

HOPS LIKELY TO BE A DRUG.

THE MARKET BIDS FAIR TO BE OVERSTOCKED BY THE LARGE CROPS-WHAT IN-FLUENCES PRICES. *

certed over the fact that the great factor in the manufacture of beer is not likely to partake of the every line of field crops this season. The last genthe low prices which have ruled for a long time. ontract interest, which should ordinarily appear at this time, has no probability of resuming its place The great acreage of the West, most prominent in Oregon and other Pacific regions, when added to that the market can be now easily overstocked, and with the unsold surplus of 1894 and a sluggish marencouragement for the fairly large yields of the the English market has taken American hops in year's picking to make them independent of this ing, officer. Then Mr. Herve called out, 'Hey. Roosevelt, what are you doing there? Get out of that basement, you are no good.' I went over to way in the matter of price-making. And during way in the matter of price-making. And during those days there would come a few seasons that would run prices up to extravagant figures. In fact, it was at one time considered that one good paying crop was an offset to three or four low-selling ones. For a while the increased local consumption favored the Eastern hop-grower, but, in the mean time, the Coast developed an offering that bid for an important share in the trade. If heavy plantings are continued, it is going to be a question of the longest purse, not only here but also at the West. Banks and others who have heretofore advanced money for securing and marketing the crop have become cautious about investing in an article which exhibits such growing weak surroundings.

There is some evidence that the use of beer is decreasing. In 1893 the sales of the United States were 33.82.872 barrels; in 1894 they were a million less. The Sunday-closing effort seems satisfactory to brewers, who largely own the equipment of salons. They say that brewers here and in other cities will turn their attention to a family supply trade by bottling and delivery, and thus release and enliven a good deal of capital now invested in poor-paying shops.

MADE AN INSPECTOR OF STREET OPENINGS. Theodore F. Ruhle was on Tuesday appointed an inspector of street openings in the Department of Public Works by Commissioner Brookfield. Mr. Ruhle is an active and zealous Republican, and is the leader of the anti-machine Republican organithe leader of the anti-machine Republican organization in the new VIIIth Assembly District. He was prominent in the inti-Machine Republican organization of the city and county of New-York, and is a warm personal friend of Mr. Milholiand, who strongly urged the appointment. Mr. Ruhle succeeds Charles W. B. rhey, who was on Monday appointed general inspector of street openings. The salary is \$100 per month.

THE REV. ANDREY MURRAY TO PREACH HERE.

The Rev. Andrew Murray, of Wellington, South Africa, has accepted the invitation of the Collegiate Reformed Church, of this city, to hold a confer ence on September 9 to 13, at the Marble Collegiate rev is the pastor of a church of 5,000 members. His addresses at Northfield this summer have produced a deep impression. He will preach Sunday evening, September 8. D. L. Moody will preside at the earlier session, of the conference and the Rev. Dr. Arthur T. Pierson will also take part.

PASSING OF THE RIG SLEEVES. From The Chicago Times-Herald.

From The Chicago Times-Herald.

Just as the ladies are laying plans for the conruction of fail and waiter govas, with sleeves of Lagnificent architectural proportions, there comes the depressing announcement from the autocrats of hion in Paris to the effect that sleeves will be made much smaller. If the usual feminine idiosyncrasy of jumping from one extreme to another is athered to in this instance this Parislan edict means that the next crop of sleeves will be of the clinging variety, which shows the contour of the arm, whether it possesses the exquisite mould of the Greek model or the muscular convolutions of the golf-payer.

The advent of the giove-fitting sleeve will be halfed with delight, no doubt, by the well-armed woman, but what of the woman with the attenuated thoracic limb? She will be up in arms at this threatened retirement of the balloon sleeve, in its capacious folds she mas cancealed for many months an aftenual mystery, and the summer young man has been made to cherish the sweet illusion that the summer zirl has arms like the arms of Sappho. He has been compelled to forego every inclination to solve the mystery for himself, for every demonstration on als part looking toward a personal investigation has been met with a hysterical shrick warning the young man not to crush her sleeves.

There has been great diversity of opinion as to the artistic status of the balloon sleeves. Many people regard them as the acme of unsightliness, and are free to declare that they are a monstrous disfigurement of the female form divine, while others maintain that they exemplay the highest ideals of artistic proportion. While the artists are quarrelling ever this phase of the question, it is pertinent to observe that very few men will shed a tear over the passing of the inflated sleeve. They have made numberless fulfile efforts at passing the sleeve, but the attempts have always resulted in a passage ut arms, and the like official masculine pedestrian has siways been glad to agree to an armistice.

The balloon sleev

rallway car.

The poignancy of our grief over the loss sustained by art in the passing of the ample sleeve is molling by the thought that there will be more room in the world for weary, masculine plodders, and a bright prospect of the sexes getting closer together.

A TRAMP IN STRONG'S CHAIR A HORSELESS WAGON ON VIEW WANTS POINTS FROM MR. ROOSEFELT.

A NEW-ORLEANS POLICE COMMISSIONER COMES HERE TO LEARN HOW TO CLOSE

SALOONS ON SUNDAY. Police Commissioner Lucien N. Brunswig, of New-Orleans, called on Commissioner Roosevelt at Police Headquarters yesterday and had a long talk with the president of the Police Board. Mr. Brunswig wants to close up the saloons in New-Orleans on Sunday, and he got some points from Mr. Roosevelt as to how to do it.

COMING TO THE PLEASURE PALACE.

ONE SHIP BRINGS A SINGER AND THREE ELE PHANTS FOR THE NEW VAUDEVILLE HOUSE. The steamer Massachusetts, which arrived Tues-

sing at Proctor's Pleasure Palace. This, as has become generally known by this time, is the new continuous vaudeville house which is to be opened in East Fifty-eighth-st. on Monday, if the work on is not further interrupted by strikes or other causes. Miss Barlow is not altogether a stranger in America, though she has not been here before in some years. Since that time she has made for herself something of a name among the London music halls. She will stay here till her presence is required again in England, early in Dec George H. Lockhart, with his three performing elephants, which are to appear at Prector's Pleasur Palace, also arrived on the Massachusetts. Tuesday night the beasts were landed from the steamer at West Twenty-ninth-st, and marched to their quart ers in Thirty-seventh-st., near the new theatre Fourteen years ago Mr. Lockhart was a circus rider, gymnast and rope walker. He was perform ing in Rangoon, India. One day a native offered Boney for sale. She was a baby elephant, bigger than a full grown Newfoundland. Lockhart bisser than a full grown Newfoundand, Lockhart bought her as a pet for his wife. Lockhart first taught her implicit obedience. Then sie was made to do little tricks and fetch and carry like a dog. Subsequently he bought Holly and Waddy, each but a few months old, and established a young elephants' kindergarten. In France, Russia, Germany, Beigium, Denmark, Sweden, Italy, Spain and England, the Lockhart elephants have been regarded as a strong attraction. They trot, halt, bow, lie down and march upon their hind legs at the word of command. They roil barrels, balance and form pyramids, play musical instruments, ride the bicycle and enact a pantomime farce entitled "From Restaurant to Police Station."

Among the attractions announced for Mr. Proctor's new house, besides Miss Barlow and the elephants, the Sisters Andersen, equilibrists, from the London Empire, and the Brothers Donaldson and Ardell, in "Seenes at the Zoo," from the Polica-Bergère, Paris, appear for the first time in this country. William T. Carleton, barytone of the Carleton Opera Company, sings for the first time in vaudeville, and the list includes the Russell Brothers, James F. Hoey, Cushman and Holcombe, the Sisters Don, Watson and Hutchings, Dalsy Mayer and her pickaninnles, Ward and Curran, Lillian Green, Baisley and Simons, Dick and Alice McAvoy, the Murzthaler Quartet of Tyroleans and a woman orchestra of twelve. bought her as a pet for his wife. Lockhart first

ALL QUIET AT POINT OF ROCKS.

NEW-JERSEY JUNCTION COMPANY SECURES A INJUNCTION AGAINST THE PENNSYL-VANIA RAILROAD-WORK ON THE

ARCH GOING ON.

An injunction was served yesterday morning by the New-Jersey Junction Railroad Company on the Pennsylvania Railroad Company in Jersey City, re-straining the Pennsylvania Company from interforing with the construction of the entrance to the proposed tunnel through the Pennsylvania Railroad embankment at the Point of Rocks. The infunction was obtained on Wednesday evening by Charles Thompson, of Dickinson, Thompson & Masters, from Vice-Chancellor Pitney, at Merris-Chancellor McGill, who is in Europe, gave the vice-chancellor power to issue injunctions during the Chancellor's absence.

gan clearing out the rocks and earth deposited by the Pennsylvania's employes in the excavation made in the south side of the track for the mouth

made in the south side of the track for the mouth of the tunnel. They were not disturbed. The injunction is returnable before the Chancellor on September 16. The contractor may build the arch at the tunnel's entrance, but he must not undermine the railroad until the Chancellor or the Court of Appeals has so ruled.

A train loaded with earth and stones and strongly manned with laborers, with shovels, roll of rest the site of the tunnel at 2 o'clock, but they did sthing more than to keep watch of the enemy. The Juneton Railroad Company built a new spur on the east side of its track for use in filling and grading the vacant lots along the road. In so Joing the road is fulfilling a condition on which the right of way was given by the city.

Mr. Vredenburgh was asked by a Tribune reporter soon afterward what the Pennsylvania Company proposed to do now, and he replied: "We will obey the order of the court in each particular."

President E. A. Stevens, of the Hoboken Railroad Warehouse and Steumship Connecting Company, sent to the Hoboken Council, on Wedleeday evening, a petition for the right of way for tracks on the road way between Fourth and Flifth sts., so as to connect the Eric Railroad and Flifth sts., so as to connect the Eric Railroad and Flifth sts., so as to connect the Eric Railroad and Flifth sts., so as to connect the Eric Railroad and the New-Jersey Junction Railroad, at or near Seventeenth-st, and Willow-ave. Mr. Stevens informed the doard in his letter that this connection was necessary because Hoboken is competing with all "seaports and shipping points having like facilities, and this connection is absolutely needed to put this city in a position to compete with such places."

position to compete with such places A COURT-MARTIAL PROBABLE,

THE COLUMBIA COURT OF INQUIRY MAKING UP ITS REPORT-CAPTAIN SUMNER'S DAM-AGING ADMISSION.

Proceedings in the third day's session f the court of inquiry into the damage to the cruiter Columbia in the court-martial room in the Brooklen Navy Yard yesterday were confined to the reading by the witnesses of the testimony given on Wednesday and the correction of minor errors in the notes. Captain Summer spent about half an hour in re-vising his testimony, and was the last witness to return the corrected sheets to the court. While vising his testimony, and was the last witness to return the corrected sheets to the court. While Captain Summer was looking over the records of his statement Rear-Admiral Walker and Captain Kautz paced the floor of the room in carnest consultation. When the revision was completed the bell was sounded and the room cleared for an executive session, after which the court began the preparation of its report to the Department. Captain Summer would not discuss the case, and as the members of the court also preserved strict silence, there is nothing to be learned as to the findings of the court until the decision of the Department is made public.

There is little doubt, however, that the authorities at Washington will order a court-nartial in the case, and as Captain Summer has admitted that the damage to the cruiser was the result of a lack of care in docking at Southampton, and was not due to structural weakness, as he had previously asserted, it is more than proba de that he will be punished for the negligence which he has admitted, if for no more.

Captain Summer was appointed acting midshipman on September 20, 1888, from Kentucky, and was made midshipman on July 16, 1882, being one of the members of the "hump." His promotion to lieutenant came on August 1, 1882, and on July 25, 1896, he was commissioned lieutenant-comender. On June 13, 1816, he was made commander, and on October 2, 1881, was promoted to his present rank, taking command of the Columbia on April 23, last year.

REPUTITION OF THE GREAT FIRE CARNIVAL

There will be one more chance to witness the Open-Air Theatre at Manhattan Beach. The thou sands who were unable to see the annual Carnival Saturday of doir so. Every set piece of the re-cent carnival has been duplicated, so that the programme will be a fac-simile of the carnival programme. The "War" spectacle will be given in two parts, in order that the terrific explosions employed in the bombardment scene may no by accident ever in the hombardment scene may no by accident ever cause the premature firing of the numerous set pieces which have to be paced it position on the stage before the entertainment begins. "Venus Rising from the Sea." "The Seasons." "A Midsummer Night's Dream." "Temple of Heaven." "Peking" and the splendid "Niagara Fa. is in Fire" will be repeated. Commissioner Roosevelt and his fire-foaming beer mug will have for a commanion caricature a humorous device, showing Commissioner Waring with his flery broom. The latter picture, it is said, will be set in fire of emerald hue, so as to give the band a chance to play "The Wearing of the Green," which they know so well and play so—well, no matter how!

HOW GOD "TAKES CARE OF HIS OWN." The familiar disease known as the grip visited

Drew Theological Seminary, Madron, N. long ago, and for a few weeks nearly all the reverend doctors of divinity who compose its faculty were end doctors of divinity who compose its faculty were more or less disabled by it. One da, a colored ser-vant entered the study of the Rev. Jr. Samuel F. Upham, professor of practical theology, who was one of the victims. "How is it." asked the doctor, "that you seem to have exaped, John!" he asked. "Don' know, doctor." was the ready reply. "Don' know, unless God takes care of His own."

Aldermen Goodman, Windolph, Wund and Wines

presented him with a finely engrossed invitation to attend the Aldermen's picute to take place at Tottenville on September 5. The invitation bore the signatures of President Jeroloman and the other signatures of President Jeroioman and the other members of the Board, and assured His Honor that he was the sole invited guest. The Mayor told the committee that he would accept with pleasure, and would be with the Aidermen on the day named. The Mayor also accepted the invitation of the Outing Committee of the Good Government clubs yesterday to attend their outing, which is to take place at Gravesend Bay on September 11.

THE COURTS.

DECREE FOR THE CITY OF CARLSBAD.

PROFITS FOR MORE THAN A YEAR AND A HALS TO BE PAID OVER BY THE DEPENDANTS.

Judge Wheeler, in the United States Circuit Court, yesterday handed down a final decree in the suit brought by the city of Carlsbad, in Bohemia, and the Elsner & Mendelson Company, Eccasees for America, against Kutnow Brothers, in which the latter are perpetually restrained from making a preparation in imitation of one owned by the plainffs in the suit.

The city of Carlsbad owns the Carlsbad Mineral Springs, and has had prepared from the waters certain saits and powders for many years. The deday, brought Miss Billee Barlow from England to fendants some years ago began the manufacture and sale of a salt, with which they used the word "Carlsbad," aithough it was admitted that their "Carlsbad," although it was admitted that their preparation had no connection with the springs. They are now prohibited from using the word "Carlsbad" in connection with any preparation not a genuine Carlsbad product, and it is also ordered that the complainants recover from the defendants the latter's profits since February 1, 1894. Samuel H. Blatchford being appointed special master of the court. The defendants are also mulcted in costs and disbursements.

AN EXTRA TERM OF COURT ORDERED IT IS TO TRY CHARLES R. GLEASON'S ACTION TO COMPEL THE ALDERMEN TO REAPPORTION THE HID, VTH AND VIITH ASSEMBLY DISTRICTS.

Albany, Aug. 29.-Acting Governor Saxton to-day canted an order convening an extraordinary term of the Supreme Court, to be held in the city of New-York on September 23, and has designated Justice Henry R. Beekman, of New-York, to hold the court. The order is made up on the neutrino of Charles R. Gleason, who has already begun an action in the city and county of New-York to compel the Board of Aldermen to reapportion the IIId, Vih and VIIth Assembly districts, in the XIIIth Senate District. The first regular term in the county of New-York at which this action could be tried will not be held until October 7, and the retitioner, Gleason, who is represented by Assemblyman Frank D. Pavey, maintains that the public interest requires the appointment of this extraordinary term, so that an adjudication of the question at issue ray be had sufficiently in advance of the registration of voters to enable the Police Department to red vide the new Assembly districts into election districts, as well as to rearrange or reassign the election district officers, and to make the usual and proper arrangements for carrying on the election within the newly prescribed boundaries of such Assembly districts. and VIIth Assembly districts, in the XIIIth Senate

of such reapportionment and to the necessity for convening an extraordinary term of court for the purpose were forwarded to the Executive Department by ex-District-Attorney De Lancey Nicoll and Edward Lauterbach, both of whom were members of the Constitutional Convention, and also by General Wager Swayne.

AN ECHO OF THE BROOKLYN STRIKES An application was made yesterday in Supreme Court, Chambers, to Justice Beekman by George McKenzie, Assistant Corporation Counsel of Brooklyn, for an order changing the venue of the trial of the suit brought by John J. Meade, of No. 439 Hicks-st., Brooklyn, against the city of Brooklyn and Charles A. Schleren, Mayor, to recover \$100,000 damages in the county of New-York. The defend ant wants the trial to take place in Kings County Mende, who has been night watchman on the dock Meade, who has been night watchman on the dock of the Wilson Line Company for more than twenty years, brings the suit upon the ground that at the time of the railroid strike riots in Brooklyn last January, while he was in his house, his windows were broken by musketry firing; that he was fired at when he approached a window, and that these acts were committed by militia; also, that militialmen forcibly entered his house, prodded him with buyonets, and dragged him to a police station, all without cause or provocation.

Assistant Corporation Counsel McKenzle said that, as the action was purely a local one, he thought a change of venue should be granted.

Ex-Speaker William Sulzer opposed the motion on the ground that an impartial trial could not be obtained in Brooklyn.

Decision was reserved.

COURT CALENDARS FOR TO-DAY.

Circuit Court-Paris I, II, III and IV-Augurned IV the term. Superior Court-Special Term-Before Freedman, J.— Court opens at 12 m. Motions. Superior Court-G-neral Term-Adjourned for the term. Court opens at 12 m. Motions.

Superior Court—General Term—Adjourned for the term.

Superior Court—Fequity Term—Adjourned for the term.

Buperior Court—Trial Term—Parts 1, 11 and III—Adjourned for the term.

Surrogate's Court—Chambers—Before Fitzgerald, S.—

Court opens at 10:30 a. m. No day calendar. Wills for probate Louis Schuebel, Frederick Spieker, Gustavus Frank, at 10:30 a. m.

for probate Louis Schuebel, Frederick Spieker, Gustavus Frank, at 10:30 a. m.
Surrogate's Court—Trial Term—Adjourned for the term. Common Pleas—Special Term—Before Glegerich, J.—Court opens at II d. m. Motiors.
Common Pleas—General Term—Adjourned sine die.
Common Pleas—Equity Term—Adjourned for the term.
Common Pleas—Trial Term—Parts I, II and III—Adjourned for the term.
City Court—General Term—Before McCarthy, J.—Court opens at II d. m. Motions.
City Court—Trial Term—Parts I, II, III and IV—Adjourned for the term.

REFEREES APPOINTED

Supreme Court.

By Beckman J. Mutual Life Insurance Company vs. Talcott-John M sonn vs. Beaudet-Pennington Whitehead. By Freedman, J. Burstein vs. Cohen-Augustus H. Vanderpoel. RECEIVERS APPOINTED.

Julia D. Haviland vs. Peter Herter—William A. Graham, Abraham Marks vs. Berisch Lichtenstein—Henry J ichtmacher. Sarah Schlansky vs. Jacob Fliegman—Julius Lehman.

Superior Court.

By Freedman, J.

Bernard Galewski vs. Jacob Barrett-Bernard Galewski.

COMMISSIONERS FOR NEW SCHOOL SITES In view of the crowded condition of the present chools, and the insufficient room for thousands of children who live in this city, the Board of Education, through Corporation Counsel Scott, has taken proceedings in the Supreme Court for the purpose of acquiring title to property in different ections of the city, upon which will be erected seven new schools in the near future. Judge Beekman, in Supreme Court, Chambers, yesterday morning appointed commissioners of estimate in the seven proceedings for the purpose of taking

the seven proceedings for the purpose of taking title to the property, as follows:

On site at Scammel, Henry and Gouverneur sts.—Commissioners, Lewis I. Delatield, John A. O'Connor and Paul Halpin.

Varick, North Moore and Beach sts.—Commissioners, Arthur Berry, Christopher C. Baldwin and Paul Halpin.

Ninety-dirst-st. and First-ave.—Commissioners, Hugh R. Gardner, Richard A. Cunningham and Charles D. Burrill.

Rivington, Forsyth and Eldridge sts.—Commissioners, Grosvenor S. Hubbard, Michael Colemaa and Daniel O'Connell.

One-hundred-and-forty-ninth-st., Beach and Union aves.—Commissioners, John A. Beall, William H. McCarty and Eugene S. Willard.

Nineteenth and Twentleth sts., First and Second aves.—Commissioners, Lawrence Godkin, Christopher C. Baldwin and William F. MacRae.

St. Nicholas-ave., One-hundred-and-twenty-sixth and One-hundred-and-twenty-seventh sts.—Commissioners, Lawrence Godkin, Michael Colemaa and Meyer S. Isaacs.

GOLD DEPOSITED AND TO BE WITHDRAWN. The Belmont-Morgan syndicate deposited \$1,500,000 in gold in the Sub-Treasury yesterday, bringing the reserve up to about \$101,700,000. To-day, however, probably \$1,600,000 will be drawn port to Europe, it being announced that W. H. Crossman & Co. will ship \$1,000,000 to cover cable sterling sold, while Hard & Rand, Nessinge & Fuller and Oelrichs & Co. will send a total of \$350,000.

EXCISE CASES GO OVER.

There were a number of excise cases on the calendar for trial before Recorder Goff, in Special Sessions, yesterday. The men pleaded not guilty Wednesday. All went over till next Tuesday.

Frederick Wollf, a restaurant-keeper of No. 1,330 First-ave., pleaded guilty to excise violation. He said he sold a bottle of beer to a policeman on a Sunday. It was the first time he had broken the excise law and he would not do it again. The Recorder fined him 53, which he paid.

The Recorder then adjourned court till the September 1979.

TRIED TO WRECK A SYNAGOGUE, John Wheeler, nineteen years old, of No. 12 Mott-st., was sent to the workhouse by Magistrate Deuel, in the Essex Market Court, yesterday morning on a charge of disorderly conduct. went to the Synagogue, at No. 24 Christie-st., on Monday, and after breaking in at the front door while the congregation were at worship, proceeded to overturn the altar and wreck everything upon which he could lay his hands.